FACULTY OF SCIENCES

SYLLABUS

of

Physics

For

B.Sc. Non-Medical & Computer Science

(Semester I to VI)

(Under Continuous Evaluation System)

(12+3 System of Education)

Session: 2021-22



The Heritage Institution KANYA MAHA VIDYALAYA JALANDHAR

Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar (Autonomous) scheme and curriculum of examinations of three year degree programme

Bachelor of Science

(Non-Medical &Computer Science)

Session-2021-22

		Physi	ics	Seme	ster]	[
Course	Program Name	Course Code		Cours e Type	Marks Ext.					Examination
Name					Total	Paper	L	Р	CA	time (in Hours)
	B.Sc. (Non-Medical)	BSNM-1395	Ι			Mechanics	30	-		3
Physics	B.Sc. (Computer Sci.)	BCSM-1395	п	E	100	Electricity And Magnetism	30	-	20	3
			Р			Physics Practical	-	20		3
		Phys	ics	Semest	ter II	I		1	I	I
	Program Name	Course Code		Cours		Marks				Examination
Course Name				e Type	Total	Paper	Ext. L P		CA	time (in Hours)
			Ι			Relativity and Electromagnetism	30	-		3
Physics	B.Sc. (Non Medical) B.Sc. (Computer Sci.)	BSNM-2395 BCSM-2395		E	100	Vibration And Waves	30	-	20	3
						Physics Practical	-	20		3
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Program Name				Total	Paper				time (in Hours)
B.Sc. (Non-Medical) B.Sc. (Computer Sci.)	BSNM-3395 BCSM-3395	I	С	100	Physics and Thermodynam	3 ics	0 -	20	3
		Р	-		Physics Practic	al -	2	0	3
emester IV									
			Jourse	Mark	S				Examination
Program Name	Course Code		Гуре	Total		Ext.		CA	time
						L	Р		(in Hours)
	BSNM-4395 BCSM-4395	Ι			Quantum Mechanics	30	-		3
B.Sc. (Non Medical)		п	С	100	Atomic Spectra & Lasers	30	-	20	3
		Р			Physics Practical	-	20		3
	B.Sc. (Non-Medical) B.Sc. (Computer Sci.) emester IV Program Name B.Sc. (Non Medical)	B.Sc. (Non-Medical) BSNM-3395 B.Sc. (Computer Sci.) BCSM-3395 emester IV Program Name Program Name Course Code B.Sc. (Non Medical) BSNM-4395 B.Sc. (Computer Sci.) BSNM-4395	Image: series of the secienceB.Sc. (Non-Medical)B.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-3395Image: series of the secienceImage: secinceImage: seci	Program NameCourse CodeCourse Type $A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A =$	Program NameCourse CodeCourse \mathbf{r} TotalB.Sc. (Non-Medical)BSNM-3395 $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ \mathbf{I}	Program NameCourse CodeCourse r TypeCourse r TypeTotalPaperB.Sc. (Non-Medical)BSNM-3395IIPhysics and ThermodynamicB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-3395IIIOpticsProgram NameCourse CodePImage: Course CodeMarksProgram NameCourse CodeTypeMarksB.Sc. (Non Medical)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeMarksB.Sc. (Non Medical)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeMarksB.Sc. (Non Medical)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeMarksB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeMarksB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeMarksB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BSNM-4395ICourse CodeNonicB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-4395ICourse CodePhysicsB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-4395ICoursePhysicsB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-4395ICoursePhysicsPostBCSM-4395ICoursePhysicsB.Sc. (Computer Sci.)BCSM-4395ICoursePhysicsPhysicsPPPhysicsPhysicsPostPPPPPostPPPPPostPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP<	Program NameCourse CodeCourse TypeTotalPaperExampleBarrow ScienceBSNM-3395IFPhysics and Thermodynamics3Barrow ScienceBCSM-3395IICIOOOptics3Program NameCourse CodePPhysics Practical3Program NameCourse CodeCourse CodeMarksExt.Program NameCourse CodeCourse CodeMarksExt.Barrow ScienceCourse CodeCourse CodeMarksIBarrow ScienceCourse CodeCourse CodeMarksIBarrow ScienceCourse CodeICourse CodeCourse CodeBarrow ScienceCourse CodeCourse CodeMarksIBarrow ScienceCourse CodeICourse CodeCourse CodeBarrow ScienceCourse CodeICourse CodePaperIBarrow ScienceScienceICourse CodeCourse CodeIBarrow ScienceICourse CodePaperIIBarrow ScienceICourse CodePPIBarrow ScienceICourse CodeIIIBarrow ScienceICourse CodeIIIBarrow ScienceICIIIIBarrow ScienceIIIIIIBarrow ScienceIIIIIIBarrow ScienceIII <td>Program NameCourse CodeCourse Type$\overline{Course Type}$$\overline{Course Type}$$\overline{Course Type}$$\overline{Course Code}$$\overline{Course Code}$<!--</td--><td>Program Name Course Code Course Type Total Paper Ext. Calibrian Course Code Course Code Course Code Statistical Physics and Thermodynamics Solution <</td></td>	Program NameCourse CodeCourse Type $\overline{Course Type}$ $\overline{Course Type}$ $\overline{Course Type}$ $\overline{Course Code}$ </td <td>Program Name Course Code Course Type Total Paper Ext. Calibrian Course Code Course Code Course Code Statistical Physics and Thermodynamics Solution <</td>	Program Name Course Code Course Type Total Paper Ext. Calibrian Course Code Course Code Course Code Statistical Physics and Thermodynamics Solution <

	B.Sc. N	on-Medical &	Co	omputer	Scie	nce Semester V				
		Course Code		Course Type	Marks					Evominatio
Course Name	Program Name				Total	Paper	Ext.		CA	Examinatio n time
							L	Р		(in Hours)
Physics	B.Sc. (Non Medical) BS B.Sc. (Computer Sci.) BC		Ι	С	100	Condensed Matter Physics	30	-		3
			п			Electronics	30	-	20	3
		Р				Physics Practical	-	20		3

B.Sc. Non-Medical & Computer Science Semester VI											
Course Name					Marks	S	Examination				
	Program Name	Course Code		Туре	Total	Paper	Ext.		СA	time	
							L	Р		(in Hours)	
Physics	B.Sc. (Non Medical) B.Sc. (Computer sci.)	BCSM-6395	Ι	С	100	Nuclear Physics	30	-	20	3	
			II			Radiation And Particle Physics	30	-		3	
			Р			Physics Practical	-	20		3	

SEMESTER–I (2021-22) PHYSICS MECHANICS (THEORY) Course code: BSNM-1395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-1395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science) Course Outcomes: Mechanics -Paper (A)

After passing this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the various coordinate systems and its applications. Students will be able to know the conservations laws and the symmetries of space & time.

CO2: Know the fundamental forces of nature, concept of centre mass, central forces and the motion of particle under central force and to determine the turning points of orbit. They will be able to understand the planetary motion by solving differential equation of orbits and studying Kepler's laws.

CO3: They will understand the origin of fictitious forces and their consequences on acceleration due to gravity, motion of a particle on earth, and Foucault's pendulum.

CO4: They will understand the elastic scattering in lab and centre of mass systems. They will learn the rotational motion of a body in general by studying the Euler's equations and Moment of inertia tensor.

B.Sc. (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–I) (Session 2021-22) (Faculty of Sciences) SEMESTER–I

PHYSICS

MECHANICS (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-1395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-1395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT–I

Cartesian and spherical polar co–ordinate systems, area, volume, velocity and acceleration in these systems, Solid angle, Relationship of conservation laws and symmetries of space and time.

UNIT-II

Various forces in Nature (Brief introduction) centre of mass, equivalent one body problem, central forces, equation of motion under central force, equation of orbit and turning points. Kepler Laws. Concept of Ether and Michelson–Morley experiment.

UNIT-III

Inertial frame of reference. Galilean transformation and Invariance. Non Inertial frames, Coriolis force and its applications. Variation of acceleration due to gravity with latitude. Foucault pendulum.

UNIT-IV

Elastic collision in Lab and C.M. system, velocities, angles and energies, cross section of elastic scattering, Rutherford scattering. Rigid Body motion; Rotational motion, principal moments and Axes. Euler's equations, precession and elementary gyroscope.

Books Suggested:

1. Mechanics-Berkeley Physics Course, by C. Kittel, W. D. Knight, M. A. Ruderman, C. A. Helmholtz and R. J. Moyer-Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi. Vol-I (second edition)

2. Fundamentals of Physics by D. Halliday, R. Resnick and J. Walker (sixth edition)-Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

3. Analytical Mechanics by S. K. Gupta, Modern Publishers.

SEMESTER–I PHYSICS ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-1395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-1395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes: Electricity and magnetism

After passing this course the students will be able to:

- CO1: understand the vector calculus and vector algebra and its applications in electricity and magnetism. The students will be able to solve the electrostatic problems with the help of Gauss law and Coulomb's law.
- CO2: understand the applications of scalar potential for the calculation of electric field and electric potential due to an arbitrary charge distribution.

CO3: They will be able to find the electric potential and electric field of various charge distributions with the help of method of images. Students will understand the conduction of electric current in conductors by studying Ohm's law and equation of continuity.

CO4: They will be able to find the relationship between electric field from two different inertial frames of reference. They will be learn the origin of magnetism and properties of various kinds of magnetic materials.

SEMESTER–I PHYSICS ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-1395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) Session 2021-22 BCSM-1395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 30

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Basic ideas of Vector Calculus Gradient, Divergence, curl and their physical significance. Laplacian in rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Coulomb's Law for point charges

And continuous distribution of charges. Electric field due to dipole, line charge and sheet of charge. Electric flux, Gauss's Law and its applications. Gauss's divergence theorem and differential form of Gauss's Law. Green's theorem.

UNIT-II

Work and potential difference. Potential difference as line integral of field. Electric potential due to a point charge a group of point charges, dipole and quadruple moments, long uniformly charged wire, charged disc. Stoke's theorem and its applications in Electrostatic field, curl E=0.Electric fields as gradient of scalar potential. Calculation of E due to a point charge and dipole from potential. Potential due to arbitrary charge distribution and multipole moments.

UNIT-III

Poisson and Laplace's equation and their solutions in Cartesian and spherical coordinates. Concept of electrical images. Calculation of electric potential and field due to a point charge placed near an infinitely conducting sheet. Current and current density, equation of continuity. Microscopic form of Ohm's Law (J= σ E) and conductivity, Failure of Ohm's Law. Invariance of charge.

UNIT-IV

E in different frames of reference. Field of a point charge moving with constant velocity. Interaction between moving charges and force between parallel currents. Behaviour of various substances in magnetic field. Definition of M and H and their relation to free and bound currents.

Permeability and susceptibility and their interrelationship. Orbital motion of electrons and Diamagnetism.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Fundamentals of Electricity and Magnetism by Arthur F. Kipp.
- 2. Electricity and Magnetism, Berkeley Physics Course, Vol. II by E.M. Purcell.
- 3. Introduction to Classical Electrodynamics by David Griffith.
- 4. EM Waves and Radiating System by Edward C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain.
- 5. Fields and Waves Electromagnetic by David K. Cheng.

Pass Marks: 11

SEMESTER-I PHYSICS PHYSICS PRACTICAL

Course code: BSNM-1395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-1395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes : Physics Lab Sem I

CO1: Students will be able to find the value of acceleration due to gravity using pendulums.CO2 : It will give understanding of collisions In 1-Dimension.CO3: It helps to study the moment of inertia of a body & on what factors its depends.

SEMESTER-I

PHYSICS PRACTICAL

Course code: BSNM-1395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-1395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science) Session 2021-22

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar

General Guidelines for Practical Examination

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20

i) One experiment 7 Marks

ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce 5 Marks

iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. To study the dependence of moment of inertia on distribution of mass (by noting time periods of oscillations using objects of various geometrical shapes but of same mass).

- 2. To establish relationship between torque and angular acceleration using fly wheel.
- 3. To find the moment of inertia of a flywheel.
- 4. Study of bending of beams and determination of Young's modulus.
- 5. Determination of Poisson's ratio for rubber.
- 6. To determine energy transfer, coefficient of restitution and verify laws of conservation of linear momentum and kinetic energy in elastic collisions using one dimensional collisions of hanging spheres.

7. To verify the laws of vibrating string by Melde's experiment.

8. Measure time period as a function of distance of centre of suspension (oscillation) from centre of mass, plot relevant graphs, determine radius of gyration and acceleration due to gravity.

9. Find the value of 'g' by Kater's pendulum.

10. Measure time period of oscillation of a Maxwell needle and determine modulus of rigidity of the material of a given wire.

11. To measure logarithmic decrement, coefficient of damping, relaxation time, and quality factor of a damped simple pendulum.

SEMESTER II

SEMESTER–II PHYSICS RELATIVITY AND ELECTROMAGNETISM (THEORY) Course code: BSNM-2395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes: Relativity & Electromagnetism -Paper (A)

After passing this course, students will be able to:

- CO1: understand special theory of relativity and related basic concepts and applications.
- CO2: derive Maxwell equations and their applications in propagation of e.m. waves in conductors and insulators.
- CO3: apply the Biot Savart's Law and Ampere's circuital law in different situations and frames.
- CO4: understand the Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction and LCR circuits.

SEMESTER-II Session -2021-22 PHYSICS RELATIVITY AND ELECTROMAGNETISM (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-2395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Postulates of special theory of relatively. Lorentz transformations, observer and viewer in relativity. Relativity of simultaneity, Length, Time, velocities. Relativistic Dopper effect. Variation of mass with velocity, mass–energy equivalence, rest mass in an inelastic collision, relativistic momentum & energy, their transformation, concepts of Murkowski space, four vector

formulation.

UNIT-II

Lorentz's force, Definition of B. Biot Savart's Law and its application to long straight wire, circular current loop and solenoid. Ampere's Circuital law and its application. Divergence and curl of B. Hall effect, expression and co–efficient. Vector potential, Definition and derivation, current–density–definition, its use in calculation of charge in magnetic field at a current sheet. Transformation equation of E and B from one frame to another.

UNIT-III

Faraday's Law of EM induction, Displacement current, Mutual inductance and reciprocity theorem. Self inductance, L for solenoid, Coupling of Electrical circuits. Analysis of LCR series and parallel resonant, circuits Q–factor, Power consumed, power factor.

UNIT-IV

Maxwell's equations their derivation and characterizations, E.M. waves and wave equation in a medium having finite permeability and permittivity but with conductivity σ = 0). Poynting vector, impedance of a dielectric to EM waves. EM waves in a conducting medium and Skin depth. EM wave velocity in a conductor and anomalous dispersion. Response of a conducting medium to EM waves. Reflection and transmission of EM waves at a boundary of two dielectric media for normal and oblique incidence.

Recommended Books:

1. Introduction to Electrodynamics by D.J. Griffiths-Pearson Education Ltd., New Delhi, 1991

2. Physics of Vibrations and Waves by H.J. Pain.

- 3. EM Waves and Radiating Systems by Edward C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain.
- 4. Fields and Waves Electromagnetic by David K. Cheng.

SEMESTER–II PHYSICS VIBRATION AND WAVES (THEORY) Course code: BSNM-2395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

After passing this course the student will be able to:

CO1: demonstrate Lissajous figures by mechanical and analytical method with different cases.

CO2: understand Free, damped and resonance oscillations, both mechanical and electric using differential equations.

CO3: solve differential equation of forced oscillations & to obtain related quantities.

CO4: understand concept of coupled oscillators and wave motion. Student will also be able to apply the concept of waves and oscillations to any type of waves like e. m. waves, mechanical waves.

SEMESTER-II Session 2021-22 PHYSICS VIBRATION AND WAVES (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-2395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 30

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Simply harmonic motion, energy of a SHO. Compound pendulum. Torsional pendulum Electrical Oscillations Transverse Vibrations of a mass on string, composition of two Perpendicular SHM of same period and of period in ratio 1:2.

UNIT-II

Decay of free Vibrations due to damping. Differential equation of motion, types of motion, types of damping. Determination of damping co–efficient– Logarithmic decrement, relaxation time and Q–Factor. Electromagnetic damping (Electrical oscillator).

UNIT-III

Differential equation for forced mechanical and electrical oscillators. Transient and steady state behaviour. Displacement and velocity variation with driving force frequency, variation of phase with frequency, resonance. Power supplied to an oscillator and its variation with frequency. Q-value and band width. Q-value as an amplification factor. Stiffness coupled oscillators, Normal co-ordinates and normal modes of vibration. Inductance coupling of electrical oscillators.

UNIT-IV

Types of waves, wave equation (transverse) and its solution characteristic impedance of a string. Impedance matching. Reflection and Transmission of waves at boundary. Reflection and transmission of energy. Reflected and transmitted energy coefficients. Standing waves on a string of fixed length. Energy of vibration string. Wave and group velocity.

Recommended Books:

1. Fundamentals of Vibrations and Waves by S.P. Puri.

2. Physics of Vibrations and Waves by H.J. Pain.

Pass Marks: 11

SEMESTER-II PHYSICS PRACTICAL

Course code: BSNM-2395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Students will be able to study resonance in series & parallel LCR circuit.

CO2: At the end of this course, students will be able to find the value of capacitor, coefficient of self inductance, permeability & permittivity of air.

CO3: Students will be able to study the variation of magnetic field on the axis of coil & can find the value of horizontal component of magnetic field.

SEMESTER-II PHYSICS PRACTICAL

Course code: BSNM-2395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-2395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science) Session2021-22

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar

General Guidelines for Practical Examination: (4.5h/week)

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20

i) One experiment 7 Marks

ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce 5 Marks

iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. To determine low resistance with Carey-Foster's Bridge.

2. To study the magnetic field produced by a current carrying solenoid using a search coil and calculate permeability of air.

3. To study the induced e.m.f. as a function of the velocity of the magnet.

4. Study of phase relationships using impedance triangle for LCR circuit and calculate impedance.

5. Resonance in a series and parallel LCR circuits for different R-value and calculate Q-value.

6. Capacitance by flashing and quenching of a neon lamp.

7. Measurement of capacitance, determination of permittivity of a medium air and relative permittivity by de–Sauty's bridge.

8. To determined L using Anderson Bridge.

9. To find the value of BH the horizontal component of earth's magnetic field in the lab using a deflection & vibration magnetometer.

10. To study the variation of magnetic field with distance along the axis of coil carrying current by plotting a graph.

Course Outcomes: PHY-Statistical Physics and Thermodynamics

Course code: BCSM-3395 (I)

After passing this programme the students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the basic ideas and scope of probability as well as distribution of n particles in different compartments.
- CO2: Concept of different types of Statistics and the need for Quantum Statistics.
- CO3: Understand the concept of entropy, Laws of Thermodynamics and applications to thermoelectric effect.
- CO4: Understand the Maxwell Thermodynamics relations, Change of state and Claypron equation.

SEMESTER-III PHYSICS Session2021-22 Course code: BCSM-3395 (I) PAPER-A STATISTICAL PHYSICS & THERMODYNAMICS (THEORY)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30 Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Basic ideas of Statistical Physics, Scope of Statistical Physics, Basic ideas about probability, Distribution of four distinguishable particles into compartments of equal size. Concept of macro states, microstates, Thermodynamic Probability, Effects of constraints on the system. Distribution of n particles in two compartments, Deviation from the state of maximum probability. Equilibrium state of dynamic system, Distribution of distinguishable n particles in k compartments of unequal sizes.

UNIT-II

Phase space and division into elementary cells. Three kinds of statistics. The basic approach in three statistics. Maxwell Boltzmann (MB) statistics applied to an ideal gas in equilibrium. Experimental verification of law of distribution of molecular speeds. Need for Quantum Statistics – B.E. Statement of Planck's law of Radiation Wien's Displacement and Stefan's law. Fermi Dirac (FD) statistics. Comparison of M.B, B.E and F.D statistics.

UNIT-III

Statistical definition of entropy, Change of entropy of system, additive nature of entropy, Law of increase of entropy, Reversible and irreversible processes, and their examples, work done in reversible process, examples of increase in entropy in natural processes, entropy and disorder, Brief review of Terms, Laws of Thermodynamics, Carnot Cycle, Entropy changes in Carnot cycle, Absolute thermodynamics or Kelvin Scale of Temperature, Applications of thermodynamics to thermoelectric effect, Peltier Effect, Thomson Effect, change of entropy along reversible path in P-V diagram. Heat death of universe.

UNIT-IV

Derivation of Maxwell Thermodynamics relations, Cooling produced by adiabatic stretching, A diabetic Compression, change of internal energy with volume, Specific heat and constant pressure and constant volume. Expression for C_P - C_V , Change of state and Claypron equation, Joule-Thomson effect.

Text Reference Books:

1. Statistical Physics and Thermodynamics by V.S. Bhatia (Sohan Lal Nagin Chand), Jal.

2. A Treatise on Heat by M.N. Saha & B.N. Srivastava (The Indian Press Pvt. Ltd.,

Allahabad), 1965.

3. Statistical Mechanics: An Introductory Text by Bhattacharjee, J.K. (Allied Pub., Delhi), 2000.

4. Statistical Physics by Bhattacharjee, J.K. (Allied Pub., Delhi) 2000.

5. Statistical Mechanics by B.B. Laud, (Macmillan India Ltd.) 1981.

Course Outcomes: PHY-OPTICS

Course code: BCSM-3395 (II)

After passing this programme the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** understand the concept of interference of waves by division of wave front and its different methods and concept of coherence.
- **CO2:** understand the interference of waves by division of Amplitude and its methods and will have knowledge of interferometers
- **CO3:** understand the Huygen's Fresnel theory and diffraction, Fraunhoffer diffraction due to single slit, double slit and n slits, the concept of resolving power.
- **CO4:** understand the concept the polarization of light and types of polarisers.

SEMESTER-III

Session 2021-22 PHYSICS Course Code: BCSM-3395 (II) PAPER–B: OPTICS (THEORY)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30 Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Interference of Light:

Superposition of light waves and interference, Young's double slit experiment, Distribution of intensity in Young's double slit experiment, Conditions for sustained interference pattern, Coherent sources of light, Temporal and spatial coherence, Mathematical analysis of temporal coherence, Interference pattern by division of wave front, Fresnel Biprism, Fresnel double mirror, Llyod's single mirror, Achromatic fringes. Displacement of fringes,

UNIT-II

Interference by Division of Amplitude:

Change of phase on reflection, Interference in thin films due to reflected and transmitted light, Interference in parallel and wedge shaped films, Colour of thin films. Need for extended source for interference by division of amplitude, non-reflecting films, Newton's Rings. Michelson Interferometer, Fabry Perot interferometer and etalon. Distribution of intensity in Fabry Perot fringes.

UNIT-III

Diffraction:

Huygens's fresnel theory, half-period zones, Zone plate, Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction. Fraunhoffer diffraction due to single slit, rectangular and circular aperture, double slits and plane transmission grating, Effect of diffraction in optical imaging, its use as a spectroscopic element and its resolving power, Resolving power of telescope, of diffraction grating, of microscope and of Fabry-Perot interferometer.

UNIT-IV

Polarization:

Plane Polarized light, Elliptically polarized light, wire grid polarizer, Sheet polarizer, Maul's Law, Brewster Law, Polarization by reflection and scattering, Double refraction, Nicol prism, Retardation plates, Production and Analysis of plane, circularly and elliptically polarized light, Quarter and half wave plates, Optical activity

Text Reference Books:

1. Fundamentals of Optics by F.A. Jenkins and Harvey E White, (Mcgraw Hill) 4th Edition, 2001.

- 2. Optics, Ajoy Ghatak by (McMillan Indian) 2nd Edition, 7th Reprint, 1997.
- 3. Optics by Born and Wolf, (Pergamon Press) 3rd Edition, 1965.
- 4. Physical Optics by B. K. Mathur and T. P. Pandya.
- 5. A textbook of Optic by N. Subrahmanyam, Brijlal and M. N. Avadhanulu.
- 6. Geometrical and Physical Optics by Longhurst.
- 7. Introduction to Modern Optics by G. R. Fowels.
- 8. Optics by P. K. Srivastav.

Course Outcomes: SEMESTER-III PHYSICS (PRACTICAL)

Course code: BCSM-3395 (P)

After passing this programme the students will be able to:

- CO1: use spectrometer to determine the refractive index of different transparent materials wills dispersive power and resolving power of different transparent prisms and liquids using spectrometer.
- CO2: use diffraction grating and apply it to determine dispersive power, resolving power, the wavelengths of Hg source and the Cauchy's constants.
- CO3: to measure an accessible (Horizontal and vertical) and inaccessible heights using sextant.
- CO4: set up of Newton's rings to determine wavelength of sodium light.
- CO5: demonstrate the verification of laws of probability distribution.

SEMESTER-III Session2021-22 PHYSICS Course Code: BCSM-3395 (P) (PRACTICAL)

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar

General Guidelines for Practical Examination

- I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20
- i) One experiment 7 Marks
- ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**
- iii) Viva–Voce 5 Marks
- iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

List of Experiments

- 1. To determine refractive index of glass and liquid using spectrometer.
- 2. To determine the Cauchy's constants.
- 3. To study the refractive index of a doubly refracting prism.
- 4. To set up Newton's rings to determine wavelength of sodium light.
- 5. To determine the wavelength by using plane diffraction grating (Use Hg source)
- 6. To determine dispersive power of plane diffraction grating.
- 7. To determine resolving power of a telescope.
- 8. To measure an accessible (Horizontal and vertical) height using sextant.
- 9. To measure inaccessible height by using sextant.
- 10. Verify laws of probability distribution by throwing of similar coins.
- 11. To determine the wavelength of given laser source using Young's double slit experiment

Course Outcomes: Quantum Mechanics (Paper A)

Course code: BCSM-4395 (I)

After completing this course

CO1: Students will be familiar with the main aspects of the historical development of quantum mechanics

CO2: Students will understand the central concepts and principles in quantum mechanics

CO3: Students will be able to find the solution of Schrödinger wave equation for simple systems in one dimension and for Hydrogen atom.

CO4: Students will understand concept of X rays spectra and molecular spectra.

SEMESTER–IV Session 2021-22 PHYSICS Course code: BCSM-4395 (I) PAPER–A QUANTUM MECHANICS (THEORY)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30 Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Formalism of Wave Mechanics:

Brief introduction to need and development of quantum mechanics, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, Wave particle duality, De Broglie hypothesis, Wave packet, Group velocity, Uncertainty principle and its applications. Fundamental postulates of wave mechanics, Time dependent and time independent Schrodinger wave equation for a free particle and equation of a particle subject to forces. Stationary states, Superposition principle.

UNIT-II

Normalization and probability interpretation of wave function, Gaussian wave packet. Admissibility conditions of wave function, Eigen function and Eigen value, Expectation value, Operator and commutator formalism, Hermitian operator, orthogonal system, Probability current and conservation of probability, Ehrenfest theorem,.

UNIT-III

Problem in One and Three Dimensions:

Application of Schrodinger Equation for solving one dimensional Particle in a box, one dimensional potential step, Potential Barrier and Linear harmonic oscillator. Schrodinger equation for spherically symmetric potential for hydrogen atom. Spherical harmonics and their solution. Physical significance of quantum number, Degeneracy.

UNIT-IV

Production of X Rays and its properties, X-ray spectra, Moseley law, Absorption of X Rays, Auger effect, Molecular bonding of hydrogen molecule ion and hydrogen molecule, Molecular spectra, selection rules, Raman Effect.

Text Reference Books:

- 1. A Text book of Quantum Mechanics by P.M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, (Tata McGraw Hill Pub., Co., Delhi) 2002.
- 2. Quantum Mechanics by J.L. Powell and B. Craseman (Narosa Pub. House, New Delhi) 1997.
- 3. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser (McGraw Hill Pub. Co., New Delhi, 9th Ed.)
- 4. 1995.
- 5. Elements of Modern Physics by S.H. Patil (McGraw Hill), 1998.
- 6. Quantum Mechanics by E. Merzbacher (John Wiley, 2nd Edition)
- 7. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy by C.N. Banwell (Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co.,
- 8. Delhi), 2001.
- 9. Atomic Spectra by H.G. Kuhn (Longmans), 2nd Ed., 1969.
- 10. Introduction to Quantum Mechanic by L. Pauling and E.B. Wilson (Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co., Delhi), 2002.
- 11. Quantum Mechanics by W. Greiner (Springer Verlag), 1994.
- 12. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy by C.B. Banwell-Tata McGraw Hill, 1986.
- 13. Molecular Spectroscopy: Jeanne L McHale.

Course Outcomes: PHY- ATOMIC SPECTRA & LASERS Course Code: BCSM-4395 (II)

After passing this programme the students will be able to:

- CO1: understand fine and hyperfine spectrum of hydrogen atom and the concept of spin of an electron
- CO2: demonstrate understanding of exchange symmetry of wave function, different coupling schemes and spectra of atoms with more than one electron.
- CO3: understand the fundamentals of lasers and its processes
- CO4: have the knowledge of different components and types of lasers and its applications

SEMESTER-IV Session 2021-22 PHYSICS Course code: BCSM-4395 (II) PAPER-B ATOMIC SPECTRA & LASERS (THEORY)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30 Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

One Electron Atomic Spectra:

Brief review of Bohr and Rutherford model of atom. Idea of vector model of atom and quantum numbers, Spectrum of Hydrogen atom, Line structure, electron spin, Stern Gerlach experiment, spin orbit coupling, electron magnetic moment, total angular momentum, fine and Hyperfine structure of hydrogen atom, Lande g factor, Normal Zeeman effect, anomalous Zeeman effect.

UNIT-II

Many Electron System Spectra:

Exchange symmetry of wave function, Pauli's Exclusion principle, Electronic configuration and atomic states, shells, sub shells in atoms, Two valence electron atoms: LS and JJ coupling schemes and resulting spectral terms, optical spectra for one and many electron system(Helium), spectra of alkaline earth atoms.

UNIT-III

Laser Fundamentals:

Derivation of Einstein relations, Concept of stimulated emission and population inversion, Fauchber Ledenberg formula, Threshold and Schawlow Tonnes condition, Components of laser devices and its types, three level and four level laser schemes, elementary theory of optical cavity.

UNIT-IV

Laser Systems:

Construction, mode of creating population inversion and output characteristics of Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO₂laser and Nd: YAG laser, applications of lasers–a general outline, Q-switching, Basics of holography.

Text Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Atomic Spectr by: H.E. White-Auckland McGraw Hill, 1934.
- 2. Spectroscopy Vol. I, II & III by Walker & Straughen
- 3. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy by G.M. Barrow-Tokyo McGraw Hill, 1962.
- 4. Spectra of Diatomic Molecules by Herzberg-New York, 1944
- 5. Introduction to Atomic Spectra by H.E. White (Mcgraw Hill, Book Co., Inc., New York)
- 6. Laser Fundamentals by W.T. Silfvast (Foundation Books), New Delhi, 1996
- 7. Laser and Non-Liner Optics by B.B. Laud (New Age Pub.) 2002
- 8. Laser, Svelto by (Plenum Pres) 3rd edition, New York

SEMESTER–IV Session 2021-22 PHYSICS Course Outcomes: PHY Lab Sem IV

Course code: BCSM-4395 (P)

CO1: The exercises included in this laboratory course are aimed at training the students to handle different type of equipment for verification of some of the laws and concepts studied in theory like concepts of thermodynamics, photoelectric effect and for carrying out precise measurements so that they develop confidence to use later the sophisticated instruments in their respective fields.

CO2: After the completion of this course students will be able to use spectrometer and hence will be able to study absorption spectra of iodine.

CO3: At the end of this course students will be able to prepare cane sugar solution and hence will be able to find its specific rotation by using polarimeter.

SEMESTER–IV Sessio2021-22 PHYSICS (PRACTICAL) Course code: BCSM-4395 (P)

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar

General Guidelines for Practical Examination

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20

- i) One experiment 7 Marks
- ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**

iii) Viva-Voce 5 Marks

iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

List of Experiments

- 1. To study adiabatic expansion of gas and hence to calculate value of V.
- 2. To find the coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's method.
- 3. To plot a calibration curve of a given thermocouple (copper constantan).
- 4. To study the photoelectric effect and determine the value of Planck's constant.

5. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.

6. Study of variation of light intensity with distance using photovoltaic cell (Inverse Square Law)

7. To determine the heating efficiency of an electric kettle with varying voltage.

- 8. To study the absorption spectra of iodine vapours.
- 9. To study the rotation of plane of polarization by using polarimeter.
- 10. To determine the specific rotation of sugar using Laurent's half shade polarimeter
- 11. To study the characterizations of Photovoltaic cell.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS) (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-5395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-5395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes

After passing this course, students will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand basics about crystal structures in solids, various types of crystal structure, unit cells and symmetry operations.
- CO 2. Understand the experimental methods to determine crystal structures, reciprocal lattice, Brillioun zones and form factor.
- CO 3. Understand the concept of lattice vibrations and role of phonons in determining specific heat of solids at low temperatures and models of specific heat.
- CO 4. Build concept from free electron model to Kronig Penny model and its application to band theory to differentiate insulators, semiconductors and conductors.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS) (THEORY)

Course code: BSNM-5395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-5395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Max. Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT–I

Time: 3 Hours

Crystal structure, Symmetry operations for a two and three dimensional crystal, Two dimensional Bravais lattices, Three dimensional Bravais lattices, Basic primitive cells, Crystal planes and Miller indices, Diamond and NaCl structure.

UNIT-II

Crystal Diffraction: Bragg's law, Experimental methods for crystal structure studies, Laue equations, Reciprocal lattices of SC, BCC and FCC, Brag's law in reciprocal lattice, Brillioun zones and its construction in two and three dimensions, Structure factor and atomic form factor.

UNIT-III

Lattice vibrations, Concepts of phonons, Scattering of photons by phonons, Vibration and monoatomic, linear chains, Density of modes, Einstein and Debye models of specific heat. Free electron model of metals, Free electron, Fermi gas and Fermi energy.

UNIT-IV

Band Theory: Kronig Penney model, Metals and insulators, Conductivity and its variation with temperature in semiconductors, Fermi levels in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, band gap in semiconductors.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics by C. Kittel (Wiley Eastern)
- 2. Elements of Modern Physics by S.H. Patil (TMGH, 1985).
- 3. Solid State Physics by Puri and Babbar.
- 4. Condensed Matter Physics by T.S. Bhatia (Vishal Publishing Co.)

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (ELECTRONICS) Course code: BSNM-5395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-5395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes- After completing this course a student will be able to

- CO1: understand, concept of voltage and current sources, working of a p-n junction diode, zener diode, and their use in basic gates, photonic devices, rectification and voltage regulation.
- CO2: understand the characteristics, biasing and working of BJT and FETs. CO3: able to understand h-parameters, amplifiers using BJT & FETs and types of feedbacks and practical example of negative feedback (emitter follower). CO4: understand LC and RC oscillators and their comparison.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (ELECTRONICS) Course code: BSNM-5395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-5395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science) (THEORY)

Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. **Each question carries 6 marks.**

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Time: 3 Hours

Concepts of current and voltage sources, p-n junction, Biasing of diode, V-I characteristics, Rectification: half wave, full wave rectifiers and bridge rectifiers, Efficiency, Ripple factor, Qualitative ideas of filter circuits (Shunt capacitor, L section and π filters), Zener diode and voltage regulation, Introduction to Photonic devices (construction and working of solar cell, photodiode and LED). Basic concepts of Boolean algebra, AND, OR ,NOT and NAND gates using diodes. **UNIT–II**

Junction transistor : Structure and working relation between different currents in transistors, Sign conventions, Amplifying action, Different configurations of a transistor and their comparison, CB and CE characteristics, Structure and characteristics of JEFT, Transistor biasing and stabilization of operating point, Voltage divider biasing circuit.

UNIT-III

Working of CE amplifier, Amplifier analysis using h-parameters, Equivalent circuits, Determination of current gain, Power gain, Input impedance, FET amplifier and its voltage gain, Feed back in amplifiers, Different types, Voltage gain, Advantage of negative feed back, Emitter follower as negative feedback circuit.

UNIT-IV

Barkausen criterion of sustained oscillations, LC oscillator (tuned collector, tuned base Hartley), RC oscillators, Phase shift Oscillator and Wein bridge Oscillator

Books Suggested:

- 1. Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits by N.N. Bhargave, D.C. Kulshreshtha and S.C. Gupta.
- 2. Foundations of Electronics by D. Chatophadhyay, P.C. Rakshit, B. Saha and N.N. Purkit.
- 3. Basic Electronics by D.C. Tayal (Himalaya Pub.)

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS PRACTICAL Course code: BSNM-5395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-5395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes : Physics Lab Sem V

- CO 1. Students will be able to characterize p-n junction, zener diode, and their use as rectifier, filters, clipping element and to find energy gap.
- CO 2. Student will be able to use CRO for AC voltage and frequency.
- CO 3. Students will be able to characterize Common base and common emitter transistors and their use as amplifier.
- CO 4. Students will be able to use diodes as basic gates.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–V) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS PRACTICAL Course code: BSNM-5395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical)

BCSM-5395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya MahaVidyalaya, Jalandhar **General Guidelines for Practical Examination**

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20

i) One experiment **7 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce 5 Marks

iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS-

1. Measurement of reverse saturation current in p-n-junction diode at various temperatures and to find the approximate value of energy gap.

2. To draw forward and reverse bias characteristics of a p-n junction diode.

3. To study working of CRO and its use to find AC signal voltage and its frequency.

4. Study of a diode as a clipping element.

5. To measure the efficiency and ripple factors for (a) halfwave (b) full wave and (c) bridge rectifier circuits.

6. To draw the characteristics of a Zener diode.

7. To study characteristics of Common Base transistor. and to find input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and current gain.

8. To study characteristics of Common Emitter transistor. and to find h-parameters.

9. To study the gain of an amplifier at different frequencies and to find Band width

10. To study the reduction in the ripple in the rectified output with RC, LC and π filters.

11. To study logic gates (OR, AND, NOT and NAND).

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (NUCLEAR PHYSICS) (THEORY) Course code: BSNM-6395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-6395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcomes

After passing this course, students will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand basic properties of nucleus and nuclear forces.
- CO 2. Understand about radioactivity, theories of alpha, beta and gamma decay, neutrino hypothesis.
- CO 3.Understand concepts and types about nuclear reactions, reactions cross section and compound nucleus.
- CO 4. Understand nuclear models (Liquid drop and Shell model) and their failures and successes.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (NUCLEAR PHYSICS) (THEORY) Course code: PSNM 6205 (I) for P.Se. (Non Medical)

Course code: BSNM-6395 (I) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-6395 (I) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. Each question carries 6 marks.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT–I

Nuclear Properties: Constituents of nucleus, non-existence of electrons in nucleus, Nuclear mass and binding energy, features of binding energy versus mass number curve, nucleus radius, angular momentum and parity, nuclear moments: magnetic dipole moment and electric quadruple moment, properties of nuclear forces, Yukawa theory.

UNIT-II

Radioactive Decays: Modes of decay of radioactive nuclides and decay Laws, radioactive series and displacement law, radioactive dating, Alpha decay: Gamow's theory of alpha decay, barrier penetration as applied to alpha decay, Geiger Nuttal law, Beta decays: β -, β + and electron capture decays, Neutrino hypothesis and its detection, parity violation in β decay, Gamma transitions, internal conversion.

UNIT–III

Nuclear Reactions: Types of nuclear reactions, reactions cross section, conservation laws, Kinematics of nuclear reaction, examples of nuclear reactions: proton, deuteron, alpha particle, neutron and photon induced reactions. Q-value and its physical significance, Compound nucleus

UNIT-IV

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model, semi-empirical mass formula, condition of stability, evidence for nuclear magic numbers, Shell Model, energy level scheme, angular momenta of nuclear ground states, parity and magnetic moment of nuclear ground states.

Reference Books:

- 1. Basic Ideas and Concepts in Nuclear Physics by K. Hyde
- 2. Introduction to Nuclear Physics by H.A. Enge
- 3. Nuclear Physics by I. Kaplan (Addison Wesley)
- 4. Nuclei and Particles by E. Segre

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (RADIATION AND PARTICLE PHYSICS) Course code: BSNM-6395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-6395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcome:

After successfully completing this course a student will be able to:

CO1: understand interaction of radiation and charged particles with matter.

CO2: understand theory and working of various types of nuclear detectors like gas filled, semiconductor, solid state track detectors and nucleus emulsions.

CO3: understand theory and working of various particle accelerators, linear and cyclic and phase stability conditions.

CO4: understand about elementary particles, different types of interactions and quark mode.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education)

(Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS (RADIATION AND PARTICLE PHYSICS) Course and a DSNM (205 (II) for D So (Non Medical)

Course code: BSNM-6395 (II) for B.Sc. (Non Medical)

BCSM-6395 (II) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

(THEORY)

Marks: 30

Pass Marks: 11

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions of Sections A-D should be set from Units I-IV of the syllabus respectively. Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section. **Each question carries 6 marks**.

Note: Students can use Non-Scientific calculators or logarithmic tables.

UNIT-I

Time: 3 Hours

Interaction of Radiation and Charged Particles with Matter: Derivation of Bethe-Bloch formula, Stopping power and range of heavy charged particles, Energy loss of electrons and positrons, Positrons annihilation, interaction of gamma rays with matter.

UNIT-II

Nuclear Radiation Detection: Gas-filled detectors, Proportional and Geiger-Mueller counters, Scintillation detectors, Semiconductor detectors, Cherenkov effect, Solid state nuclear track detectors. Bubble chamber.

UNIT-III

Accelerators: Linear accelerators, Cyclic accelerators: Cyclotron, Synchrocyclotron, Betatron, Electron and proton synchrotron, Colliding beam machines: introduction to Large Hadron Collider UNIT-IV

Elementary Particles: Historical introduction, high energy physics units, fermions and bosons, particles and antiparticles, Classification of particles, types of interactions, electromagnetic, weak, strong interactions, gravitational interactions, Quantum numbers and conservation laws: Charge, Baryon number, lepton number, parity, isospin, charge conjugation, strangeness. Introduction to quarks and qualitative discussion of the quark model,

Reference Books:

1. Basic Ideas and Concepts in Nuclear Physics by K. Hyde

2. Introduction to Nuclear Physics by H.A. Enge

- 3. Nuclear Physics by I. Kaplan (Addison Wesley)
- 4. Nuclei and Particles by E. Segre
- 5. Introduction to High Energy Physics by D.H. Perkins
- 6. Elementary Particles by I.S. Hughes

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS PRACTICAL Course code: BSNM-6395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-6395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Course Outcome: After successfully completing this course a student will be able to:

CO1: understand magnetic parameters and phenomenon of hysteresis and tracing of B-H curve. **CO2:** understand application of zener diode as voltage regulators.

CO3: understand the characteristics and working of FET & LDR and response of RC circuits. **CO4:** use of GM counter to understand the concepts of dead time and absorption coefficient and statistical fluctuations.

Bachelor of Science (Semester System) (12+3 System of Education) (Semester–VI) (Session 2021-22) PHYSICS PRACTICAL Course code: BSNM-6395 (P) for B.Sc. (Non Medical) BCSM-6395 (P) for B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Instructions to Practical Examiner

Question paper is to be set on the spot jointly by the external and internal examiners. Two copies of the same to be submitted for the record to COE office, Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jalandhar **General Guidelines for Practical Examination**

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: Marks: 20

i) One experiment **7 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **3 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **5 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) 5 Marks

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session.

Paper will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments andone of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment is to be allotted to more than three examinees in any group.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS-

- 1. To trace the B-H curves for different materials using CRO and find the magnetic parameters from these.
- 2. To study the stabilization of output voltage of a power supply with Zener diode.
- 3. To draw output and mutual characteristics of an FET (Experiments) and determine its parameters.
- 4. To set up an oscillator and to study its output on CRO for different C values.
- 5. To draw the plateau of a GM counter and find its dead time.
- 6. To study the statistical fluctuations using GM counter.
- 7. To study the absorption of beta particles in aluminium using GM counter and determine the absorption coefficient of beta particles from it.
- 8. To study the characteristics of a thermistor and find its parameters.
- **9.** To study the response of RC circuit to various input voltage (square, sine and triangular).
- 10. To study characteristics of LDR.